

LCAP Glossary of Terms/Programs – 2014-15

Alive and Free: Program designed to keep young people alive and free, unharmed by violence and free from incarceration. Their goal is to provide young people with opportunity and support to build positive lives for themselves and to move into contributing roles in society.

AP: (Advanced Placement) Courses offering college-level curriculum and examinations to high school students

AVID: (Advancement via Individual Determination) The AVID program directs academic and social support and contributes to increasing AP class enrollment and postsecondary education for "students in the middle".

BHS: Berkeley High School

BTA: Berkeley Technology Academy (continuation school)

Common Core: An education initiative detailing what K-12 students should know at the end of each grade (the Common Core State Standards).

CTE: (Career Technical Education) Education programs which are directly related to preparing students for employment in occupations requiring other than a baccalaureate or advanced degree.

Cultural Competency: Knowledge of infusing culturally responsive practices into their work with students, families and co-workers.

ELD: (English Language Development) Direct instruction for English Learners.

Equity coaches: Collaborate on implementing the Equity Rubric at school sites, and provide support to teachers in moving the equity work forward at their school site

High School Bridge: Provides year round academic support and case management for 30 targeted students per grade 9-12.

Intervention Coordinator: Ensures that high risk students are provided intensive academic and behavioral support through individual student case management. Guides the work of Student Support Advisors.

Literacy Coach: Provides reading recovery for the lowest performing first graders, small group intervention for 2nd – 5th graders and coaching for teachers in TCRWP.

Middle School Bridge: Provides academic support and case management to identified students

PBIS: (Positive Behavior Intervention System) Provides strategies for all students to increase academic performance, improve safety, decrease problem behavior, and establish a positive school culture.

Restorative Justice: A set of peacemaking practices that build relational trust and provide alternatives to punitive discipline.

RISE: (Responsibility, Integrity, Strength, and Empowerment) Berkeley High School program that provides tutoring and counseling for struggling students

RtI²: Response to Intervention and Instruction. **RtI² Coach:** Guides each school's RtI2 program which includes universal screening, diagnostics, interventions, and progress monitoring of students

SARB: School Attendance Review Board

Family Partnership Coordinator: Help schools to create a welcoming environment for all families and increase involvement of marginalized parents. Provides targeted support to families in need of academic, behavior, and emotion support.

LCAP Glossary of Terms/Programs – 2014-15

STEM: Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics

Student Support Advisor: Ensures that high risk students are provided intensive academic and behavioral support

Super Science Saturday: Targeted instruction in science, technology and math during out of school time in a supportive and fun setting for high risk students.

Toolbox: Social and emotional learning curriculum that fosters the development of resilience, self-mastery, and empathy in students.

TCRWP: (Teacher's College Reading and Writing Project) English Language Arts curriculum for grades K-5

TSA: Teacher on Special Assignment

Y-Scholars: Supports high school students by improving their academic skills, developing their CLASP character strengths, and assisting them in making informed decisions about higher education.

Other Acronyms

ADA: Average Daily Attendance – the average number of pupils actually attending classes for at least the minimum school day.

API: Academic Performance Index – a measurement of a school's academic performance and progress.

BASE RATE: state funding allocated to districts under LCFF tied to ADA in grade spans K-3, 4-6, 7-8, and 9-12.

BSEP: Berkeley Schools Excellence Program – funds provided by a local (parcel) tax to the Berkeley Schools.

BUSD: Berkeley Unified School District

CATEGORICAL AID: Funds from the state or federal government for specialized programs such as special education and Gifted and Talented Education (GATE); or special purposes, such as transportation.

CCSS: Common Core State Standards - an education initiative adopted by California and 44 States detailing what K-12 students should know at the end of each grade.

CSR: Class Size Reduction – California provides funds for lower class sizes K-3; the BSEP measure provides additional funding.

CTE: Career Technical Education

COE: County Office of Education

DDF: District Defined Fund for LCAP Supplemental Programs

LCAP Glossary of Terms/Programs – 2014-15

DELAC: District English Learner Advisory Committee

DISCRETIONARY: refers to funds with some flexibility in use.

EIA: Economic Impact Aid - State categorical aid for districts with concentrations of children who are bilingual, transient and/or from low income families. No longer used under LCFF, which instead uses supplemental and concentration grants.

EL: English Learner

ELPAC: English Learner Parent Advisory Committee (LCFF/LCAP)

FTE: Full Time Equivalent Teacher

FREE AND REDUCED LUNCH: In California public schools, a family of four with income at or below \$43,568 qualifies for reduced price meal, and under \$30,615 for free meals. This guideline defines “low-income” (LI) for purposes of the LCFF.

LCAP: Local Control and Accountability Plan- a plan and budget adopted by a school district that reflects goals and specific actions, based on the 8 state priorities outlined in the LCFF legislation, as well as any locally adopted priorities

LCFF: Local Control Funding Formula – California’s new school finance model for allocation of state funding to local school districts.

PAC: Parent Advisory Committee (for LCFF/LCAP)

REVENUE LIMIT: Prior to LCFF, the amount of revenue that a district could collect annually for general purposes from local property taxes and state aid, calculated per unit of ADA.

SUBGROUPS: The LCAP must address student subgroups, meaning all major racial/ethnic groups as well as low income, English learners, foster youth and students with disabilities.

SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING: Under LCFF each English Learner (EL), Low Income (LI) or foster youth counts toward funding of an additional 20 percent of the base rate, The count must be “unduplicated”, meaning an EL, LI or foster youth may only be counted once, even if belonging to more than one group.

WILLIAMS REQUIREMENTS/BASIC SERVICES – California legislation established standards for maintaining adequate school facilities, sufficient instructional materials, and qualified teachers.